

## **Langney Primary End of Year Expectations and Key Assessment Criteria for Science**



Key Stage	Year Group	Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Key Stage 1	1	I can ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways.  I can observe closely, using simple equipment.  I can perform simple tests.  I can identify and classify.  I can use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.  I can gather and record data to help answer questions.	I can identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.  I can identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.  Animals (including humans)  I can identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.  I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.  I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets).  I can identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	I can distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.  I can identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.  I can describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.  I can compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	Seasonal Changes  I can observe changes across the four seasons.  I can observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.
Key Stage	Year Group	Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Key Stage 1	2	I can ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways.  I can observe closely, using simple equipment.  I can perform simple tests.  I can identify and classify.  I can use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.	Living Things and Their Habitats  I can explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive.  I can identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.  I can identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats.	Uses of Everyday Materials  I can identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.  I can find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	No content

		I can gather and record data to help	I can describe how animals obtain their		
		answer questions.	food from plants and other animals, using		
		·	the idea of a simple food chain, and		
			identify and name different sources of food.		
			1000.		
			<u>Plants</u>		
			I can observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.		
			I can find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.		
			Animals (including humans)		
			I can notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.		
			I can find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air).		
			I can describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.		
			different types of food, and flyglene.		-
Key	Year	Scientific Enquiry		Chemistry	Physics
Key Stage		Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
		Scientific Enquiry  I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to		Chemistry  Rocks	Physics  Light
		I can ask relevant questions and use	Biology  Plants	Rocks	<u>Light</u>
		I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.	Biology	,	
		I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.  I can set up simple practical enquiries,	Plants I can identify and describe the functions of	Rocks I can compare and group together	Light I can recognise that light is needed in
		I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.	Plants  I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.	Rocks  I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of	Light  I can recognise that light is needed in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light.
		I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.  I can set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.  I can make systematic and careful	Plants  I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.  I can explore the requirements of plants	Rocks  I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties.	Light  I can recognise that light is needed in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light.  I can identify that light is reflected from
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		I can use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions.	of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.		I can compare how things move on different surfaces.  I can notice that some forces need
		I can identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes.  I can use straightforward scientific address to appear questions or to support.	I can identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.		contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance.  I can observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some
		evidence to answer questions or to support findings.			I can compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials.
					I can describe magnets as having two poles.  I can predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on
Key	Year	Scientific Enquiry	Piology	Chamistry	which poles are facing.
Stage	Group	Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
		I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.	Living Things and Their Habitats  I can recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways.	States of Matter  I can compare and group materials together, according to whether they are	Sound  I can identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with
		I can set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.  I can make systematic and careful	I can explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of	solids, liquids or gases.  I can observe that some materials change	something vibrating.  I can recognise that vibrations from
		observations and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, use a range of equipment, including	living things in their local and wider environment.	state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in	sounds travel through a medium to the ear.
Key Stage 2	4	I can gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in	I can recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.	degrees Celsius (°C).  I can identify the part played by	I can find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it.
		answering questions.		evaporation and condensation in the	·
			Animals (including humans)  I can describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in		I can find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it.
		answering questions.  I can record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams,	Animals (including humans)  I can describe the simple functions of the	evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of	I can find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the

values, suggest improvements and raise	I can construct and interpret a variety of	I can identify common appliances that
further questions.	food chains, identifying producers,	run on electricity.
	predators and prey.	'
I can identify differences, similarities or	predators and prey.	I see seestwist a simple seed as also tribal
changes related to simple scientific ideas		I can construct a simple series electrical
and processes.		circuit, identifying and naming its basic
		parts, including cells, wires, bulbs,
I can use straightforward scientific		switches and buzzers.
evidence to answer questions or to support		
·		I can identify whether or not a lamp will
findings.		
		light in a simple series circuit, based on
		whether or not the lamp is part of a
		complete loop with a battery.
		I can recognise that a switch opens and
		·
		closes a circuit and associate this with
		whether or not a lamp lights in a simple
		series circuit.
		I can recognise some common
		The state of the s
		conductors and insulators, and associate
		metals with being good conductors.

Key Stage	Year Group	Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Key Stage 2	5	I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary.  I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate.  I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.  I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.  I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations.	Living Things and Their Habitats  I can describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.  I can describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.  Animals (including humans)  I can describe the changes as humans develop to old age.	I can compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets.  I can understand that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.  I can use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating.  I can give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic.  I can demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes	I can describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system.  I can describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth.  I can describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies.  I can use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.  Forces  I can explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object.  I can identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces.

		I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.		I can explain that some. changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.	I can recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.
Key Stage	Year Group	Scientific Enquiry	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Key Stage 2	6	I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary.  I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate.  I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.  I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.  I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations.  I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.	Living Things and Their Habitats  I can describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals.  I can give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.  Animals (including humans)  I can identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood.  I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function.  I can describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.  Evolution and Inheritance  I can recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago.  I can recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents.  I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in	No content	Light  I can recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines.  I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye.  I can explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes.  I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.  Electricity  I can associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.  I can compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.  I can use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.

		different ways and that adaptation may	
		lead to evolution.	