## Progression Document

	<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>	<u>Term +</u>	<u>Term 5</u>	<u>Term 6</u>
	<u>The Human Body</u>	<u>Animals and their</u> <u>needs</u>	<u>Seasons and</u> weather	<u>Taking care of</u> <u>the earth</u>	<u>Plants</u>	<u>Everyday materials</u>
Year I	<ul> <li>To know our body has five senses.</li> <li>To know that we use our eyes to see.</li> <li>To know that sounds travel through our ears to send messages to our brain.</li> <li>To know that our senses help us to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To name and describe common animals.</li> <li>Scientists group animals according to their features</li> <li>To understand that we can group animals according to what they eat.</li> <li>To describe the needs of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To name and describe the four seasons.</li> <li>To know that tools are used to gather information about the weather.</li> <li>To present data using a graph.</li> <li>To know there are different types of cloud.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To describe different ways that we damage the Earth.</li> <li>To know that there are natural and manufactured resources that people on Earth use.</li> <li>To identify logging as a way of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know what plants need in order to grow.</li> <li>To name and describe the parts of a plant.</li> <li>To understand that plants spread their seeds to make new plants.</li> <li>To understand that some trees are</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To recognise everyday materials.</li> <li>To identify the properties of materials.</li> <li>To explain why materials are chosen for specific tasks.</li> <li>To understand that materials can be sorted according to whether they</li> </ul>

	understand the world around us. • To understand that some people have problems with their senses, such as blindness or deafness.	a pet • To describe an animal using scientific words.	<ul> <li>To understand that weather forecasts help people to prepare for different kinds of weather.</li> <li>To understand that certain types of weather can be dangerous.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>harvesting the Earth's natural resources.</li> <li>To Know that people create pollution which can harm the environment.</li> <li>To Know that recycling means turning used things into something new.</li> </ul>	evergreen and some are deciduous. • To recognise which parts of plants we eat	are or are not attracted to magnets. • To investigate which material would be most suitable for (insert purpose).
Year 2	The Human Body • Animals, including humans, need air, food and water to	Living things and their environment • To know the differences between living, dead and	Electricity <ul> <li>To identify</li> <li>things that</li> <li>use electricity</li> <li>To know that</li> <li>electricity is</li> </ul>	Plants • To know there are many different kind.s of plants.	Materials and <u>matters</u> • To know that materials have specific uses based on their properties.	Astronomy • To know there are eight planets in our solar system • To know that

survive.	never been	useful, but it	• Seeds and	• To know that	Earth travels
• To know that	alive	can also be	bulbs grow into	inventors	around the
our skeleton	• To know that	dangerous.	mature plants.	think carefully	Sun
and our	a habitat is	<ul> <li>To construct</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Healthy plants</li> </ul>	about materials	• To know that
muscles help	the name	an electrical	need light and	and their	the Moon
us to move	given to a	circuit	water to grow.	properties.	orbits the
• To understand	place where	<ul> <li>To identify</li> </ul>	• To understand	• To know that	Earth
that our	plants or	materials that	that plants	scientists use	• To know that
bodies digest	animals live.	conduct	are grown for	microscopes to	groups of
our food.	• To describe	electricity	food	see very small	stars are
• To know that	rainforests as			things around	called
our heart	hot and moist,			U.S.	constellations.
pumps blood	and deserts			• To know that	• Scientists,
around our	as dry and			the shapes of	including
ьоду	hot or cold. To			solid objects	astronomers,
• To understand	know that			made from	learn from
that scientists	each habitat			some materials	each other to
have found	has plants			can be	make new
ways to keep	and animals			changed	discoveries
us healthy	adapted to			• To understand	about space
	survive			that water	

		<ul> <li>To name and describe animals who live in underground habitats.</li> <li>To know that a food chain describes 'who eats what' within a habitat</li> </ul>			can be a solid and can also be a liquid.	
Year 3	The Human Body To Know that we can control our voluntary muscles, but we do not control our involuntary	Cycles in Nature • To know that our natural environment changes as the seasons change • To understand	<ul> <li>Light and dark</li> <li>To understand that we need light in order to see things.</li> <li>To know that transparent materials let</li> </ul>	Plants • Flowering plants all have roots, a stem or trunk, but do not all look the same • Different	<ul> <li><u>Rocks</u></li> <li>To know there are many different types of rocks.</li> <li>To know that geologists sort rocks into</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Forces and magnets</li> <li>To learn that a force is a push or a pull.</li> <li>To learn that friction is the force between</li> </ul>

	muscles	how plants can	light through	plants need	three main	two surfaces.
	<ul> <li>To know our</li> </ul>	change	and opaque	different	groups	• To learn that
	bones help us	through the	materials block	amounts of	<ul> <li>To understand</li> </ul>	magnets have
	to move and	seasons	light from	things in	that some	an invisible
	protect some	• To know that	passing	order to thrive.	rocks allow	push or pull
	parts of our	plants grow,	through	• Water moves	water to pass	force.
	bodies	live and	• Mirrors can	from the roots	through, but	• To know that
	• To know that	reproduce	reflect light in	of a plant,	others do not	magnets have
	the brain is	• To know that	different ways,	upwards via	• To know that	poles and a
	the centre of	some animals	depending on	the stem	some rocks	magnetic field.
	the nervous	migrate	their shape.	• To know that	contain fossils	• To know that
	system	<ul> <li>To recognise</li> </ul>	• Shadows	pollination is	which can tell	magnetic
	• To understand	the different	change in size	needed for	us about life	forces are not
	that animals	stages in the	and shape	flowering	millions of	all the same
	get nutrition	life cycle of a	throughout the	plants to	years ago.	strength
	from what	frog	day	reproduce.	<ul> <li>To recognise</li> </ul>	
	they eat			• To understand	that soils are	
	• To describe			that plants	made from	
	the simple			spread their	rocks and	
	functions of			seeds in many	organic matter	
	the basic			different ways		

	parts of the digestive system in humans			to reproduce.		
Year 1	<ul> <li>The Human Body</li> <li>Cells are the building blocks of the human body and we need nutrition to keep our bodies working as they should.</li> <li>Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions</li> <li>To understand</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Classification of hearts and animals</u></li> <li>To understand that we can classify animals and plants</li> <li>To know that fish and amphibians are vertebrates</li> <li>To know some of the key features of reptiles, birds and mammals</li> </ul>	Ecology   To know that living things depend on their habitats.  To understand that living things are linked within a food chain.  To know that living things depend on each other in an ecosystem. To understand	<ul> <li>Sound</li> <li>To understand how sound is produced and how it travels</li> <li>To know sound travels through the air</li> <li>To know the difference between pitch and volume.</li> <li>To understand how the human voice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Water Cycle</li> <li>To know and compare three main states of matter: solid, liquid and gas.</li> <li>To know that evaporation occurs when a liquid turns into gas.</li> <li>To know that condensation occurs when gas turns into liquid (water)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Electricity</li> <li>To know that electricity is useful, but it can also be very dangerous.</li> <li>To construct an electrical circuit.</li> <li>To learn that switches open and close a circuit.</li> <li>To know that the lightbulb was a very</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>how the brain and mouth start the digestive process.</li> <li>To know how food is digested and excreted.</li> <li>To understand the essential vitamins and minerals needed in our body</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand and describe key features of insects, arachnids and molluscs</li> <li>To know that plants can be classified into two main groups: flowering and non-flowering</li> </ul>	that air pollution is a human threat to the environment. • To know how humans have changed the environment in our local area.	makes different sounds. • Vibrations in sound waves travel through the different parts of the ear.	vapour into liquid water) To know that precipitation returns water to the surface of the Earth To know how water changes state within the water cycle.	important invention. • To identify materials that conduct electricity. •
Year 5	The Human Body • To recognise the first stages of human growth.	Materials • To understand that materials can be grouped according to	Living things and their habitat • To recognise how plants and animals	Forces • To know that a force is either a push or a pull.	Astronomy • To know that astronomers believe the universe began	Meteorology • To know the atmosphere protects Earth and enables

			11 . 1.								нĆ
	gestation, birth		their properties		in our local	•	To know that		with the Big		life
	and infancy		and to know		area change		friction occurs		Bang, and that	•	To know that
•	To know that		the definitions		throughout the		when two		it is still		human actions
	the human		of some		year		objects move		expanding		can impact
	body changes		properties	•	To learn that		against each		today		the Earth's
	as it goes	•	To know that		mammals and		other.	•	To understand		atmosphere
	through		thermal		amphibians	•	objects with a		that gravity is	•	To know that
	puberty		conductivity		have different		large surface		a force that		the UK
•	To identify		means heat		life cycles.		area will have		holds objects		experiences
	physical and		can be	٠	To learn that		greater air		together		six air masses
	mental		transferred		insects and		resistance	•	To know the		affecting the
	changes to the		through a		birds have		than other		planets of our		weather
	human body		material		different life		objects with a		solar system	•	To know a
	that happen	•	To understand		cycles.		small surface	•	To understand		weather front
	from adulthood		that a solution	•	To know that		area.		the Moon's		is a boundary
	to old age		is a mixture		flowering	•	How does		phases		where warm
•	Humans and		of a solid in a		plants need		surface area	•	To understand		and cold air
	animals have		liquid where		pollen to		affect speed		that the solar		meet
	growth stages		the solid has		reproduce.		of fall in air		system is just	•	To know
	of different		broken into	•	To know that		(or water)?		a small part of		thunder and
	lengths		parts too small		Jane Goodall	•	Simple		our universe		lightning is

		to see To know there are methods for separating mixtures including solutions To understand that all changes are either reversible or irreversible	and David Attenborough have dedicated their lives to studying the natural world and communicating their findings.	machines help us to increase the force we apply to an object to help us move it		caused by electrical charge moving through the air.
Year G	The Human Body • To understand that the heart pumps blood around the body	Classification of living things • To know there are five kingdoms of organisms	<ul> <li>Electricity flows</li> <li>Electricity flows</li> <li>in a circuit</li> <li>The brightness</li> <li>of a lamp or</li> <li>the volume of</li> </ul>	Light • To know that light is a source of illumination that allows us	Reproduction • To know that asexual reproduction does not require male	Evolution. • To know fossils are physical evidence of

<b>T</b>	T I. III				
• To understand	<ul> <li>To know that</li> </ul>	a buzzer	to see.	and female	life from
that blood	plant and	depends on	<ul> <li>To know that</li> </ul>	cells.	long ago
vessels	animal cells	the number	light enters	• To understand	<ul> <li>To know</li> </ul>
transport blood	are different	and voltage of	our eyes,	sexual	offspring
around the	• To know that	cells used in a	enabling us to	reproduction in	are usually
ьоду	taxonomy is	circuit	See.	flowering	similar, but
• To understand	used to show	<ul> <li>Switches</li> </ul>	• To test the	plants.	not
how the heart	how organisms	control the	hypothesis	• To know many	identical, to
rate can speed	are related to	flow of	that shadows	plants clothe	their
up or slow	each other	electricity in a	are always the	their seeds	parents
down,	• To know that	circuit	same shape as	with fruit	• To know
depending on	vertebrates are	• To know that	the object that	• To understand	living things
what is	classified into	circuits can	made them	sexual	can adapt
happening to	five groups:	be used to	• To understand	reproduction in	to suit
the body	fish,	make electrical	what light is	animals.	their
• There are	amphibians,	toys.	made of and	• To know that	environment
many things	reptiles, birds	•	how a prism	different	• To know
that can be	and mammals.		work.s.	animals have	who Charles
varied and	• To understand		• A periscope	different	Danwin was
changed in an	that scientists		uses mirrors	growth stages.	and what
experiment, we	divide		to reflect an		natural

call the things	invertebrates	image of	selection is
we can change	into groups	something out	• To know
variables	including	of sight	who Alfred
• To understand	insects,		Wallace was
that blood is	arachnids and		and
made up of	molluscs.		understand
different	•		his
components			contribution
			to the
			theory of
			evolution
			•
	we can change variables • To understand that blood is made up of different	<ul> <li>we can change into groups</li> <li>variables including</li> <li>To understand insects,</li> <li>that blood is made up of molluscs.</li> <li>different</li> </ul>	we can changeinto groupssomething outvariablesincludingof sight• To understandinsects,that blood isarachnids andmade up ofmolluscs.different•